2020-2021 Migration Data Users Guide

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A. Overview

The Migration Data Users guide provides a detailed description of the State-to-State, County-to-County, and Gross Migration files produced by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Statistics of Income (SOI) Division. IRS Migration data for the United States are based on year-to-year address changes reported on individual income tax returns filed with the IRS. They present migration patterns by State or by county and are available for inflows—the number of new residents who moved to a State or county and where they migrated from, and outflows—the number of residents leaving a State or county and where they went. The data also include tabulations on the number of non-migrant returns within a State or county.

B. Nature of Changes

No new changes have been made to the 2020-2021 migration data. However, previous changes for the 2019-2020 migration data included:

- Returns filed for the purpose of receiving an Economic Impact Payment (EIP), due to the
 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), were included in the data to the
 extent that a taxpayer had a matching return over the two year period.
- Parts of Valdez-Cordova Census Area were renamed into two separate Census Areas: Chugach Census Area (FIPS code 063) and Copper River Census Area (FIPS code 066).

To enhance the disclosure protection procedures of the data, the following changes were made to the migration data beginning with 2018-2019 file:

- The State totals and header rows were removed from all county files. State totals can now only be obtained from the State files.
- Counts below 20 at the county level will now be deleted. Previously, counts below 20 were moved to a similar category to another county within the State.
- Data will be removed from the State files only if the counts are below a threshold of 10 returns.
- Records may be removed at the county level that are not removed at the State level. As such, the county totals may not add to the State totals.

C. Definitions and Explanations

C.1 Basic Source Information

- Migration data are based on the population of Forms 1040 that were filed and processed by the IRS during calendar years 2020 and 2021. In addition, tax year 2020 paper returns were included up until mid-July of 2022 because of processing delays due to the COVID-19 pandemic. During this period, the bulk of returns filed with the IRS were for Tax Years 2019 (received in calendar year 2020) and Tax Year 2020 (received in calendar year 2021). Returns received in 2020 represent income that was earned in 2019. Returns received in 2021 represent income that was earned in 2020. Also, during this period, a number of returns were filed representing prior tax years. For matching purposes, prior year returns are not used in the migration data.
- The address shown on the tax return is a mailing address that may not reflect the taxpayer's actual residence. In addition, the address may not reflect the location of the taxpayer when the income was earned, as a taxpayer may move during the course of a tax year. Thus, the income may have been earned in two locations. In addition, a taxpayer may move after the end of the tax year but file their return on time up to nine months later from another location.
- Due to continuing efforts to combat identity theft, the method in which the IRS processes returns may undergo changes. These processing changes may have an impact on the migration data and should be considered when comparing the data across years.
- Totals may not be comparable to other totals published elsewhere by SOI because of specific features of the migration data. [1]
- Data do not represent the full U.S. population because many individuals are not required to file an
 individual income tax return.
- Tax returns are assigned a State and County FIPS [2] code using a ZIP+4-to-County codebook developed by the U.S. Census Bureau.
- Tax returns filed without a ZIP code and returns filed with a ZIP code that did not match the State code shown on the return were excluded.
- Tax returns where the taxpayer was claimed as a dependent on another tax return in the second year (2021) were excluded. Tax returns where the taxpayer was claimed as a dependent in the first year (2020) and filed in the second year as a non-dependent taxpayer were included.
- Foreign tax returns as well as those filed using Army Post Office (APO) and Fleet Post Office addresses, addresses in Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Marshall Islands, Northern Marianas, and Palau have been included in the migration data
- The age of the primary taxpayer is used to place returns in various age categories. The primary taxpayer's age is derived by matching the Social Security numbers on the individual income tax return to information from the Social Security Administration (SSA).
- Tax returns with an Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN) issued by the IRS are included within the migration data. Information on an individual taxpayer's age, for returns with an ITIN, is derived from IRS administrative systems. See endnote 3 for more information on ITINs.

C.2 Matching Returns

Tax returns are matched for two consecutive calendar years based on the filer's taxpayer identification number (TIN). Migration data for 2010-2011 and earlier, returns were matched based on the TIN of the primary filer only. Beginning with the 2011-2012 data, returns will be matched on the TIN of the primary, secondary, and dependent filers. The matching process is done in the following order:

| Matching order | Year 1 | Year 2 | Percent of the total matched returns |
|----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | Primary filer | Primary filer | 94.6% |
| 2 | Primary filer | Secondary filer | 0.8% |
| 3 | Secondary filer | Primary filer | 1.7% |
| 4 | Secondary filer | Secondary filer | less than 0.1% |
| 5 | Dependent filers | Primary filer | 2.8% |
| 6 | Dependent filers | Secondary filer | less than 0.1% |

To avoid duplicate matching, only returns that did not match based on the primary-to-primary match were used for the subsequent matches. Under the previous methodology, married tax filers who changed filing positions (i.e. from primary-to-secondary or dependent-to-primary), between the two years, would be excluded from the migration data. As an example, if a secondary filer on a joint return in year 1 filed as a single or head of household filer in year 2, that return would not be included in the data. Likewise, individuals who were dependents in year 1, but filed as a primary or secondary tax filer in year 2, would be excluded.

Under the new methodology, if a filer changed their filing position between the two years and a matching TIN was found in the primary or secondary position, then that return would be included in the migration data. Using the same examples as above, if a secondary filer was on a married filing joint return in year 1, but filed single in year 2, that return would now be included. Also, if an individual was a dependent listed on a return in year 1, but became a primary or secondary filer in year 2, and was not claimed as a dependent, that return would now be included.

Returns that would still be excluded, under the new methodology, are those who did not have a matching TIN between year 1 and year 2. A non-matching return can occur if a TIN is recorded incorrectly between the two years; if a taxpayer switches from a temporary TIN to a permanent Social Security Number (SSN); or if a taxpayer filed a return in one year, but did not timely file a return in another year [3].

C.3 Migration Status

After matching returns for two consecutive years, each return is assigned one of four migrant statuses.

- (1) Non-migrant returns these are individual returns where the state and county in year 1 matches the state and county in year 2. A non-migrant return does not necessarily mean that a taxpayer did not move. If a taxpayer moved, but stayed in the same county and state, they would be considered a non-migrant.
- (2) Migrant return, different state these are individual returns where the state and county in one year does not match the state and county in another year.
- (3) Migrant return, same state, different county these are individual returns where the state is the same between the two years, but the county in one year is different than the county in another year.
- (4) Migrant return, foreign these are individual returns where the state is in the United States in one year and foreign (APO/FPO, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, overseas, or other) in another year.

C.4 Geocoding Tax Returns

Tax returns are assigned county codes based on an internal-use nine-digit ZIP Code-to-county Codebook developed by the Census Bureau. The Codebook is revised annually based on new geographic information. Consequently, a return with a given nine-digit ZIP Code listed in county X in year one can be listed in county Y in year two, independent of an actual address change on the return. Most annual revisions have a very minor impact on the overall county-to-county distribution of returns. To document and quantify the impact of these revisions, the Calendar Year 2020 tax return population file was geocoded using both the 2020 and 2021 Codebooks. The number of returns, where the county codes differed between the two years, was then tabulated.

Because the 2020-2021 migration data was produced by applying the 2021 Codebook to the 2020 and 2021 population files, the Codebook revisions do NOT affect the in-flow and out-flow migration totals. They do affect a comparison of non-migrants with previous years. In other words, the impact of the Codebook revisions is contained in the non-migrant totals.

Table 1 (see Appendix 1) shows the results for counties that had a **net** absolute change of 100 returns or more sorted by the absolute value of the net percentage change, based on the 2020 and 2021 ZIP Code-to-county Codebooks. Table 2 (see Appendix 2) shows the same results sorted by state and county. Individual counties with a positive net percentage change experienced a greater number of returns being geocoded to that county using the 2021 Codebook as opposed to the 2020 Codebook. Individual counties with a negative net percentage change experienced fewer returns being geocoded to that county using the 2021 Codebook versus the 2020 Codebook. This list of counties should be considered when making year-to-year comparisons with previous migration data.

D. Disclosure Protection Procedures

To protect the confidentiality of information of individual taxpayers, SOI took the following precautions:

- For the State-to-State migration flows a cell must have at least 10 returns to be shown. In the Excel version of the state-to-state flows, deleted categories have been identified with a "d". In the CSV version of the county-to-county flows, deleted categories are notated with a -1
- For the County-to-County migration flows a cell must have at least 20 returns to be shown. In the Excel version of the county-to-county flows, deleted categories have been identified with a "d". In the CSV version of the county-to-county flows, deleted categories are notated with a -1.
- At the county level, counties with less than 20 returns have been aggregated into various "Other Flows" categories. The Other Flows categories are Same State, Different State, Foreign, as well as by region (Northeast, Midwest, South, and West). See section E.6 for a list of the "Other Flows" categories and codes.
- Other Flows categories with less than 20 returns have been removed. In the Excel version of the county-to-county flows, deleted categories have been identified with a "d". In the CSV version of the county-to-county flows, deleted categories are notated with a -1.
- At the county level only, certain matched tax returns that represented a specified percentage of the
 total of any particular cell have been excluded. For example, if one return represented 75 percent
 of the value of a given cell, the return was suppressed from the county detail. The actual threshold
 percentage used cannot be released.
- For the Gross Migration file a cell must have at least 10 returns in order to be shown. Cells with less than 10 returns have been combined with another AGI class within the same age classification, within the same state.
- Excluded from the Gross Migration file are tax returns with a negative adjusted gross income.

E. Migration Data Files

E.1 State-to-State Outflow Files

The State-to-State outflow migration files represent the migration flows from the origin state, in year 1, to the destination state, in year 2. There are 51 files for each state plus the District of Columbia. Included in the list of outflow states are the number of returns that migrated to a foreign location [4]. Each file tabulates the number of returns, number of individuals, and adjusted gross income (AGI) by state and is available as a MS Excel spreadsheet or as a CSV (comma separated) file. The number of individuals and AGI are based on the year 2 tax return.

E.1.a State Outflow Records

Each state file contains five header records that show (1) the total U.S. and foreign out-migration for that state, (2) the total U.S. out-migration, (3) the total foreign out-migration, (4) the total same state migration for that state, and (5) the total non-migrants. Below is an example of the state-to-state outflow header:

| Origin from Haw aii | | | Destination into | Number of returns | Number of individuals [1] | Adjusted gross income (AGI) |
|------------------------|------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (State Code) | State Code | State | State Name | | | |
| | otate oode | c code olate | State Harrie | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 15 | 96 | HI | HI Total Migration-US and Foreign | 29,094 | 61,162 | 1,879,034 |
| 15 | 97 | Н | HI Total Migration-US | 28,126 | 58,775 | 1,807,565 |
| 15 | 98 | Н | HI Total Migration-Foreign | 968 | 2,387 | 71,468 |
| 15 | 97 | Н | HI Total Migration-Same State | 3,094 | 5,369 | 173,157 |
| 15 | 15 | Н | HI Non-migrants | 560,646 | 1,127,908 | 41,730,613 |

Following the header records are the state-to-state out-migration records that have been ranked, in descending order, by the number of returns.

E.1.b State Outflow Record Layout

The State Outflow files are available as a MS Excel spreadsheet or a CSV (comma separated) file. The files have the following naming convention:

- Individual state Excel files (State Outflow Tab) 2021XX.xls (XX = AL-WY)
- A comma separated file stateoutflow2021.csv

Below is the record layout for the State Outflow comma separated file:

| VARIABLE NAME | DESCRIPTION/VALUES |
|-----------------|--|
| 1. Y1_STATEFIPS | State FIPS Code of Origin from Year 1 |
| | Alabama to Wyoming [2]01 to 56 |
| 2. Y2_STATEFIPS | State FIPS Code of Destination from Year 2 |
| | Alabama to Wyoming [2] |
| 3. Y2_STATE | State Abbreviation or Postal Code of Destination from Year 2 |

| | Alabama to Wyoming AL to WY ForeignFR |
|------------------|--|
| 4. Y2_STATE_NAME | State Name of Destination from Year 2 |
| | See Y2_STATEFIPS for list of names NOTE: Non-migrants are identified as those whose state of origin is the same as their state of destination. |
| 5. N1 | Number of returns |
| | Suppressed data value1 Potential values3 to 99999999 |
| 6. N2 | Number of individuals |
| | Suppressed data value1 Potential values3 to 99999999 |
| 7. AGI | Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) |
| | Suppressed data value1 Potential values999999999 to 999999999 NOTE: AGI is reported in thousands of dollars. Amounts include records with adjusted gross deficit. AGI is based on the year 2 tax return. |

E.2 State-to-State Inflow Files

The State-to-State inflow migration files represent the migration flows into the destination state, in year two, from the origin state, in year one. There are 51 files for each state plus the District of Columbia. Included in the list of inflow states are the number of returns that migrated from a foreign location [4]. Each file tabulates the number of returns, number of individuals, and adjusted gross income (AGI) by state and is available as a MS Excel spreadsheet or as a CSV (comma separated) file. The number of individuals and AGI are based on the year 2 tax return.

E.2.a State Inflow Records

Each state file contains five header records that show (1) the total U.S. and foreign in-migration for that state, (2) the total U.S. in-migration, (3) the total foreign in-migration, (4) the total same state migration for that state, and (5) the total non-migrants. Below is an example of the state-to-state inflow header:

| | | Origin from | Number of returns | Number of individuals [1] | Adjusted gross income (AGI) |
|------------|----------------|---|--|---|---|
| State Code | State | State Name | | | |
| Olate Code | Otato | State Harro | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 96 | OR | OR Total Migration-US and Foreign | 69,595 | 116,793 | 4,999,612 |
| 97 | OR | OR Total Migration-US | 69,339 | 116,294 | 4,984,411 |
| 98 | OR | OR Total Migration-Foreign | 256 | 499 | 15,202 |
| 97 | OR | OR Total Migration-Same State | 68,742 | 117,401 | 4,312,578 |
| 41 | OR | OR Non-migrants | 1,531,301 | 3,150,277 | 125,129,695 |
| | 97 98 97 | State Code State 96 OR 97 OR 98 OR 97 OR 41 OR | State Code State State Name 96 OR OR Total Migration-US and Foreign 97 OR OR Total Migration-US 98 OR OR Total Migration-Foreign 97 OR OR Total Migration-Same State | returns State Code State State Name (1) 96 OR OR Total Migration-US and Foreign 69,595 97 OR OR Total Migration-US 69,339 98 OR OR Total Migration-Foreign 256 97 OR OR Total Migration-Same State 68,742 | returns individuals [1] State Code State State Name (1) (2) 96 OR OR Total Migration-US and Foreign 69,595 116,793 97 OR OR Total Migration-US 69,339 116,294 98 OR OR Total Migration-Foreign 256 499 97 OR OR Total Migration-Same State 68,742 117,401 |

Following the header records are the state-to-state in-migration records that have been ranked, in descending order, by the number of returns.

E.2.b State Inflow Record Layout

The State Inflow files are available as a MS Excel spreadsheet or a CSV (comma separated) file. The files have the following naming convention:

- Individual state Excel files (State Inflow Tab) 2021XX.xls (XX = AL-WY)
- A comma separated file stateinflow2021.csv

Below is the record layout for the State Inflow comma separated file:

| VARIABLE NAME | DESCRIPTION/VALUES |
|------------------|--|
| 1. Y2_STATEFIPS | State FIPS Code of Destination from Year 2 |
| | Alabama to Wyoming [2]01 to 56 |
| 2. Y1_STATEFIPS | State FIPS Code of Origin from Year 1 |
| | Alabama to Wyoming [2] |
| 3. Y1_STATE | State Abbreviation or Postal Code of Origin from Year 1 |
| | Alabama to Wyoming |
| 4. Y1_STATE_NAME | State Name of Origin from Year 1 |
| | See Y1_STATEFIPS for list of names NOTE: Non-migrants are identified as those whose state of destination is the same as their state of origin. |
| 5. N1 | Number of returns |
| | Suppressed data value1 Potential values3 to 99999999 |
| 6. N2 | Number of individuals |
| | Suppressed data value1 Potential values3 to 99999999 |
| 7. AGI | Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) |
| | Suppressed data value1 Potential values99999999999999999999999999999999 |

E.3 County-to-County Outflow Files

The County-to-County outflow migration files represent the migration flows from the origin state and county, in year one, to the destination state and county, in year two. There are 51 files for each state plus the District of Columbia. Included in the list of county flows are the number of returns that migrated to a foreign location [4]. The migration flows include the following county equivalents (Parishes in Louisiana, Boroughs, Census Areas, and municipalities in Alaska, independent cities, such as Baltimore, Maryland, and the District of Columbia).

Each file tabulates the number of returns, number of individuals, and adjusted gross income (AGI) by county and is available as a MS Excel spreadsheet or as a CSV (comma separated) file. The number of individuals and AGI are based on the year 2 tax return.

E.3.a County-to-County Outflow Records

Each state file contains six header records, for each county, that show (1) The total U.S. and foreign out-migration for that county, (2) the total U.S. out-migration for that county, (3) the total same state migration for that county, (4) the total different state out-migration for that county, (5) the total foreign out-migration for that county, (6) the total non-migrants for the county.

Below is an example of the County-to-County outflow header:

| | n from s Island | | | | Destination to | Number | Number of individuals | Adjusted gross |
|-------|--------------------|-------|--------|-------|--|------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| State | County | State | County | State | County Name | of returns | [1] | income (AGI) |
| Code | Code | Code | Code | | , , , , , | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 44 | 001 | 96 | 000 | RI | Bristol County Total Migration-US and Foreign | 1,449 | 2,399 | 138,921 |
| 44 | 001 | 97 | 000 | RI | Bristol County Total Migration-US | 1,449 | 2,399 | 138,921 |
| 44 | 001 | 97 | 001 | RI | Bristol County Total Migration-Same State | 680 | 1,107 | 49,202 |
| 44 | 001 | 97 | 003 | RI | Bristol County Total Migration-Different State | 769 | 1,292 | 89,719 |
| 44 | 001 | 44 | 001 | RI | Bristol County Non-migrants | 18,945 | 38,816 | 2,477,593 |

Following the county header records are the county-to-county migration records that have been sorted first by county and then ranked, in descending order, by the number of returns.

Additionally, county-to-county flows that have less than 10 returns have been categorized into seven "Other flows" categories. The categories include:

- Other flows Same State represents returns that migrated to another county within the same state.
- (2) Other flows Different State represents returns that migrated to a different state and county.
- (3) Other flows Northeast represents returns that migrated to a Northeastern state. See list of states in section E.6.
- (4) Other flows Midwest represents returns that migrated to a Midwestern state. See list of states in section E.6.
- (5) Other flows South represents returns that migrated to a Southern state. See list of states in section E.6.
- (6) Other flows West represents returns that migrated to a Western state. See list of states in section E.6.
- (7) Foreign Other flows represents returns that migrated to a foreign location [4].

E.3.b County-to-County Outflow Record Layout

The County Outflow files are available as a MS Excel spreadsheet or a CSV (comma separated) file. The files have the following naming convention:

- Individual state Excel files (County Outflow Tab) 2021XX.xls (XX = AL-WY)
- A comma separated file countyoutflow2021.csv

Below is the record layout for the County Outflow comma separated file:

| VARIABLE NAME | DESCRIPTION/VALUES |
|------------------|---|
| 1. Y1_STATEFIPS | State FIPS Code of Origin from Year 1 |
| | Alabama to Wyoming [2]01 to 56 |
| 2. Y1_COUNTYFIPS | County FIPS Code of Origin from Year 1 |
| | State total record |
| 3. Y2_STATEFIPS | State FIPS Code of Destination from Year 2 |
| | Alabama to Wyoming [2] |
| 4. Y2_COUNTYFIPS | County FIPS code of Destination from Year 2 |
| | State total record |
| 5. Y2_STATE | State Abbreviation or Postal Code of Destination from Year 2 |
| | Alabama to Wyoming |
| 6. Y2_COUNTYNAME | County Name of Destination from Year 2 |
| | NOTE: The county or county equivalent name is based on the actual state county name, except as noted below. See section E.6 for a full list of summary level records. For county total records, the name will take the following format: [State County Name] Total Migration – US and Foreign [State County Name] Total Migration – US [State County Name] Total Migration – Same State [State County Name] Total Migration – Different State [State County Name] Total Migration – Foreign |
| | For non-migrant records, the name will take the following format: [State County Name] Non-migrants |
| | For the foreign records, the name will take the following format: Foreign – Overseas Foreign – Puerto Rico Foreign – APO/FPO ZIPs Foreign – US Virgin Islands |

| | For the other flows records, the name will take the following format: Other flows – Same State Other flows – Different State Other flows – Northeast Other flows – Midwest Other flows – South Other flows – West |
|--------|--|
| | Foreign – other flows |
| 7. N1 | Number of returns |
| | Suppressed data value1 Potential values3 to 99999999 |
| 8. N2 | Number of individuals |
| | Suppressed data value1 Potential values3 to 99999999 |
| 9. AGI | Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) |
| | Suppressed data value1 Potential values999999999 to 999999999 NOTE: AGI is reported in thousands of dollars. Amounts include records with adjusted gross deficit. AGI is based on the year 2 tax return. |

E.4 County-to-County Inflow Files

The County-to-County inflow migration files represent the migration flows into the destination state and county, in year one, from the origin state and county, in year two. There are 51 files for each State plus the District of Columbia. Included in the list of county flows are the number of returns that migrated from a foreign location [4]. The migration flows include the following county equivalents (Parishes in Louisiana, Boroughs, Census Areas, and municipalities in Alaska, independent cities, such as Baltimore, Maryland, and the District of Columbia).

Each file tabulates the number of returns, number of individuals, and adjusted gross income (AGI) by county and is available as a MS Excel spreadsheet or as a CSV (comma separated) file. The number of individuals and AGI are based on the year 2 tax return.

E.4.a County-to-County Inflow Records

Each state file contains six header records, for each county, that show (1) The total U.S. and foreign inmigration for that county, (2) the total U.S. in-migration for that county, (3) the total same state migration for that county, (4) the total different state in-migration for that county, (5) the total foreign in-migration for that county, and (6) the total non-migrants for that county.

Below is an example of the County-to-County inflow header:

| Destination into Arizona | | | | Oriç | gin from | Number of returns | Number of individuals [1] | Adjusted gross income (AGI) |
|-----------------------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|---|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| State | County | State | County | State | County Name | | | |
| Code | Code | Code | Code | | · | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 04 | 001 | 96 | 000 | AZ | Apache County Total Migration-US and Foreign | 1,998 | 4,917 | 63,007 |
| 04 | 001 | 97 | 000 | AZ | Apache County Total Migration-US | 1,998 | 4,917 | 63,007 |
| 04 | 001 | 97 | 001 | AZ | Apache County Total Migration-Same State | 910 | 2,265 | 30,060 |
| 04 | 001 | 97 | 003 | AZ | Apache County Total Migration- Different State | 1,088 | 2,652 | 32,947 |
| 04 | 001 | 98 | 000 | AZ | Apache County Total Migration- Foreign | d | d | d |
| 04 | 001 | 04 | 001 | AZ | Apache County Non-migrants | 17,799 | 48,121 | 681,894 |

Following the county header records are the county-to-county migration records that have been sorted first by county and then ranked, in descending order, by the number of returns.

Additionally, county-to-county flows that have less than 10 returns have been categorized into seven "Other flows" categories. The categories include:

- Other flows Same State represents returns that migrated from another county within the same state.
- (2) Other flows Different State represents returns that migrated from a different state and county.
- (3) Other flows Northeast represents returns that migrated from a Northeastern state. See list of states in section E.6.
- (4) Other flows Midwest represents returns that migrated from a Midwestern state. See list of states in section E.6.
- (5) Other flows South represents returns that migrated from a Southern state. See list of states in section E.6.
- (6) Other flows West represents returns that migrated from a Western state. See list of states in section E.6.
- (7) Foreign Other flows represents returns that migrated from a foreign location [4].

E.4.b County-to-County Inflow Record Layout

The County Inflow files are available as a MS Excel spreadsheet or a CSV (comma separated) file. The files have the following naming convention:

- Individual state Excel files (County Inflow Tab) 2021XX.xls (XX = AL-WY)
- A comma separated file countyinflow2021.csv

Below is the record layout for the County Outflow comma separated file:

| VARIABLE NAME | DESCRIPTION/VALUES |
|-----------------|--|
| 1. Y2_STATEFIPS | State FIPS Code of Destination from Year 2 |

| | Alabama to Wyoming [2] |
|------------------|---|
| | |
| 2. Y2_COUNTYFIPS | County FIPS Code of Destination from Year 2 |
| | State total record |
| 3. Y1_STATEFIPS | State FIPS Code of Origin from Year 1 |
| | Alabama to Wyoming [2] |
| 4. Y1_COUNTYFIPS | County FIPS code of Origin from Year 1 |
| | State total record |
| 5. Y1_STATE | State Abbreviation or Postal Code of Origin from Year 1 |
| | Alabama to Wyoming |
| 6. Y1_COUNTYNAME | County Name of Origin from Year 1 |
| | NOTE: The county or county equivalent name is based on the actual state county name, except as noted below. See section E.6 for a full list of summary level records. |
| | For county total records, the name will take the following format: [State County Name] Total Migration – US and Foreign [State County Name] Total Migration – US [State County Name] Total Migration – Same State [State County Name] Total Migration – Different State [State County Name] Total Migration – Foreign |
| | For non-migrant records, the name will take the following format: [State County Name] Non-migrants |
| | For the foreign records, the name will take the following format: Foreign – Overseas Foreign – Puerto Rico Foreign – APO/FPO ZIPs Foreign – US Virgin Islands |
| | For the other flows records, the name will take the following format: Other flows – Same State Other flows – Different State Other flows – Northeast Other flows – Midwest Other flows – South |

| | Other flows – West |
|--------|--|
| | Foreign – other flows |
| | |
| 7. N1 | Number of returns |
| | |
| | Suppressed data value1 |
| | Potential values |
| | 1 dicitial values to 000000000 |
| 8. N2 | Number of individuals |
| 0. INZ | Number of individuals |
| | Company and distance by |
| | Suppressed data value1 |
| | Potential values3 to 999999999 |
| | |
| 9. AGI | Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) |
| | |
| | Suppressed data value1 |
| | Potential values9999999999 to 999999999 |
| | NOTE: AGI is reported in thousands of dollars. Amounts include records with adjusted |
| | gross deficit. AGI is based on the year 2 tax return. |
| | , |

E.5 Gross Migration File

The Gross Migration file is a summary of the migration flows for each state, plus the District of Columbia [5]. The data are divided into five return groups that include: (1) the total number of matched returns; (2) the number of non-migrant returns; (3) the number of outflow returns; (4) the number of inflow returns; and (5) the number of same state returns [6]. Each group is further divided into six age categories. Returns are categorized by age based on the date of birth of the primary taxpayer only. The six age categories include: (1) under 26; (2) 26 under 35; (3) 35 under 45; (4) 45 under 55; (5) 55 under 65; and (6) 65 and over. Each grouping also includes a tally for all ages.

In addition to the groupings mentioned above, the data for each state is also divided into seven adjusted gross income (AGI) classes, plus a total for all income classes. The AGI class is based on the AGI in year 2. The AGI classes include (1) \$1 under \$10,000; (2) \$10,000 under \$25,000; (3) \$25,000 under \$50,000; (4) \$50,000 under \$75,000; (5) \$75,000 under \$100,000; (6) \$100,000 under \$200,000; and (7) \$200,000 or more. The gross migration file does not include returns with adjusted gross deficit. The file tabulates the number of returns, number of individuals, the year 1 AGI (2019), and the year 2 AGI (2020) for each of the six age categories, within the five return groupings, by state and AGI class. Due to the omission of returns with adjust gross deficit, the state totals will not match similar totals in the state-to-state files.

The number of individuals is based on the year 2 tax return and all AGI amounts are reported in thousands of dollars.

E.5.a Gross Migration File Record Layout

The Gross Migration file is available as a MS Excel spreadsheet or a CSV (comma separated) file. The files have the following naming convention:

- Individual Excel file 2021inmigall.xls
- A comma separated file 2021inmigall.csv

Below is the record layout for the Gross Migration comma separated file:

| VARIABLE NAME | DESCRIPTION/VALUES |
|-------------------|---|
| 1. STATEFIPS | State FIPS Code |
| | Alabama to Wyoming [2]01 to 56 |
| 2. STATE | State Abbreviation or Postal Code |
| | Alabama to Wyoming AL to WY |
| 3. STATE_NAME | State Name |
| | See STATEFIPS for list of names |
| 4. AGI_STUB | Size of adjusted gross income |
| | All AGI classes |
| 5. TOTAL_N1_0 | Total Returns - number of returns, all ages |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 |
| 6. TOTAL_N2_0 | Total Returns – number of individuals, all ages |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 |
| 7. TOTAL_Y1_AGI_0 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, all ages |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 |
| 8. TOTAL_Y2_AGI_0 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, all ages |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 |
| 9. TOTAL_N1_1 | Total Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers under age 26 |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 |
| 10. TOTAL_N2_1 | Total Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers under age 26 |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 |

| 11. TOTAL_Y1_AGI_1 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 12. TOTAL_Y2_AGI_1 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 13. TOTAL_N1_2 | Total Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| 14. TOTAL_N2_2 | Total Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 15. TOTAL_Y1_AGI_2 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 16. TOTAL_Y2_AGI_2 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 17. TOTAL_N1_3 | Total Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 18. TOTAL_N2_3 | Total Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| | | | |
| 19. TOTAL_Y1_AGI_3 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 20. TOTAL_Y2_AGI_2 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 21. TOTAL_N1_4 | Total Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 22. TOTAL_N2_4 | Total Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 23. TOTAL_Y1_AGI_4 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 24. TOTAL_Y2_AGI_4 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 25. TOTAL_N1_5 | Total Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |

| 26. TOTAL_N2_5 | Total Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 27. TOTAL_Y1_AGI_5 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 28. TOTAL_Y2_AGI_5 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 29. TOTAL_N1_6 | Total Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 30. TOTAL_N2_6 | Total Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| 31. TOTAL_Y1_AGI_6 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 32. TOTAL_Y2_AGI_6 | Total Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 33. NONMIG_N1_0 | Non-migrant Returns - number of returns, all ages Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| | | | |
| 34. NONMIG_N2_0 | Non-migrant Returns – number of individuals, all ages | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| 35. NONMIG_Y1_AGI_0 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, all ages | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 36. NONMIG_Y2_AGI_0 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, all ages | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 37. NONMIG_N1_1 | Non-migrant Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| 38. NONMIG_N2_1 | Non-migrant Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| 39. NONMIG_Y1_AGI_1 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 40. NONMIG_Y2_AGI_1 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |

| 41. NONMIG_N1_2 | Non-migrant Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 42. NONMIG_N2_2 | Non-migrant Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 43. NONMIG_Y1_AGI_2 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 44. NONMIG_Y2_AGI_2 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 45. NONMIG_N1_3 | Non-migrant Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 46. NONMIG_N2_3 | Non-migrant Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 47. NONMIG_Y1_AGI_3 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 48. NONMIG_Y2_AGI_3 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 49. NONMIG_N1_4 | Non-migrant Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 50. NONMIG_N2_4 | Non-migrant Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 51. NONMIG_Y1_AGI_4 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 52. NONMIG_Y2_AGI_4 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 53. NONMIG_N1_5 | Non-migrant Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 54. NONMIG_N2_5 | Non-migrant Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 55. NONMIG_Y1_AGI_5 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |

| 56. NONMIG_Y2_AGI_5 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | | |
| 57. NONMIG_N1_6 | Non-migrant Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | | |
| 58. NONMIG_N2_6 | Non-migrant Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | | |
| 59. NONMIG_Y1_AGI_6 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | | |
| 60. NONMIG_Y2_AGI_6 | Non-migrant Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | | |
| 61. OUTFLOW_N1_0 | Outflow Returns - number of returns, all ages | | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | | |
| 62. OUTFLOW_N2_0 | Outflow Returns – number of individuals, all ages | | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | | |
| 63. OUTFLOW_Y1_AGI_0 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, all ages | | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | | |
| 64. OUTFLOW_Y2_AGI_0 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, all ages | | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | | |
| 65. OUTFLOW_N1_1 | Outflow Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | | |
| 66. OUTFLOW_N2_1 | Outflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | | |
| 67. OUTFLOW_Y1_AGI_1 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | | |
| 68. OUTFLOW_Y2_AGI_1 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | | |
| 69. OUTFLOW_N1_2 | Outflow Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | | |
| 70. OUTFLOW_N2_2 | Outflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | | |

| 71. OUTFLOW_Y1_AGI_2 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 72. OUTFLOW_Y2_AGI_2 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 73. OUTFLOW_N1_3 | Outflow Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 74. OUTFLOW_N2_3 | Outflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 75. OUTFLOW_Y1_AGI_3 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 76. OUTFLOW_Y2_AGI_3 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 77. OUTFLOW_N1_4 | Outflow Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 78. OUTFLOW_N2_4 | Outflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 79. OUTFLOW_Y1_AGI_4 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 80. OUTFLOW_Y2_AGI_4 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 81. OUTFLOW_N1_5 | Outflow Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 82. OUTFLOW_N2_5 | Outflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| 83. OUTFLOW_Y1_AGI_5 | Potential values | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 84. OUTFLOW_Y2_AGI_5 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 85. OUTFLOW_N1_6 | Outflow Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| | | | |

| 86. OUTFLOW_N2_6 | Outflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 87. OUTFLOW_Y1_AGI_6 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 88. OUTFLOW_Y2_AGI_6 | Outflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 89. INFLOW_N1_0 | Inflow Returns - number of returns, all ages | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| 90. INFLOW_N2_0 | Inflow Returns – number of individuals, all ages | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| 91. INFLOW_Y1_AGI_0 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, all ages | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 92. INFLOW_Y2_AGI_0 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, all ages | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 93. INFLOW_N1_1 | Inflow Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| 94. INFLOW_N2_1 | Inflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| 95. INFLOW_Y1_AGI_1 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 96. INFLOW_Y2_AGI_1 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers under age 26 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 97. INFLOW_N1_2 | Inflow Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 98. INFLOW_N2_2 | Inflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | | |
| 99. INFLOW_Y1_AGI_2 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 100. INFLOW_Y2_AGI_2 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |

| 101. | INFLOW_N1_3 | Inflow Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | |
|------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | |
| 102. | INFLOW_N2_3 | Inflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | |
| | | | |
| 103. | INFLOW_Y1_AGI_3 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | |
| | | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | |
| 104. | INFLOW_Y2_AGI_3 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | |
| | | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | |
| 105. | INFLOW_N1_4 | Inflow Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | |
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | |
| 106. | INFLOW_N2_4 | Inflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | |
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | |
| 107. | INFLOW_Y1_AGI_4 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | |
| | | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | |
| 108. | INFLOW_Y2_AGI_4 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | |
| | | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | |
| 109. | INFLOW_N1_5 | Inflow Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | |
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | |
| 110. | INFLOW_N2_5 | Inflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | |
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | |
| 111. | INFLOW_Y1_AGI_5 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | |
| | | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | |
| 112. | INFLOW_Y2_AGI_5 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | |
| 113. | INFLOW_N1_6 | Potential values | |
| 113. | IIII 2011_IVI_0 | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | |
| 114. | INFLOW_N2_6 | Inflow Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | |
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | |
| 115. | INFLOW V1 ACL 6 | | |
| 113. | INFLOW_Y1_AGI_6 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | |
| | | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | |

| 116. | INFLOW_Y2_AGI_6 | Inflow Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | |
|--------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | |
| 117. | SAMEST_N1_0 | Same State Returns - number of returns, all ages | |
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | |
| 118. | SAMEST_N2_0 | Same State Returns – number of individuals, all ages | |
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | |
| 119. | SAMEST_Y1_AGI_0 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, all ages | |
| | | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | |
| 120. | SAMEST_Y2_AGI_0 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, all ages | |
| | | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | |
| 121. | SAMEST_N1_1 | Same State Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers under age 26 | |
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | |
| 122. | SAMEST_N2_1 | Same State Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers under age 26 | |
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | |
| 123. | SAMEST_Y1_AGI_1 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers under age 26 | |
| | | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | |
| 124. | SAMEST_Y2_AGI_1 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers under age 26 | |
| | | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | |
| 125. | SAMEST_N1_2 | Same State Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | |
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | |
| 126. | SAMEST_N2_2 | Same State Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | |
| | | | |
| | | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 | |
| 127. | SAMEST_Y1_AGI_2 | Potential values0, 10 to 999999999 Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | |
| 127. | SAMEST_Y1_AGI_2 | | |
| 127. 128. | SAMEST_Y1_AGI_2 SAMEST_Y2_AGI_2 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 | |
| | | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 Potential values | |
| | | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 Potential values | |
| 128. | SAMEST_Y2_AGI_2 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 Potential values | |
| 128. | SAMEST_Y2_AGI_2 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 26 under 35 Potential values | |

| 131. SAMEST_Y1_AGI_3 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 132. SAMEST_Y2_AGI_3 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 35 under 45 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 133. SAMEST_N1_4 | Same State Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 134. SAMEST_N2_4 | Same State Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 135. SAMEST_Y1_AGI_4 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 136. SAMEST_Y2_AGI_4 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 45 under 55 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 137. SAMEST_N1_5 | Same State Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 138. SAMEST_N2_5 | Same State Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 139. SAMEST_Y1_AGI_5 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 99999999 | | |
| 140. SAMEST_Y2_AGI_5 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 55 under 65 | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 141. SAMEST_N1_6 | Same State Returns - number of returns, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 142. SAMEST_N2_6 | Same State Returns – number of individuals, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
| | Potential values0, 10 to 99999999 | | |
| 143. SAMEST_Y1_AGI_6 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 1, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |
| 144. SAMEST_Y2_AGI_6 | Same State Returns – adjusted gross income from Year 2, primary taxpayers ages 65 and over | | |
| | Potential values 0 to 999999999 | | |

E.6 Special Summary Level Records

Special summary level records have been created specifically for the migration data. The names, State FIPS, and County FIPS codes will take on the following format:

State Total Migration Flows:

| | State | County |
|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|
| | FIPS | FIPS |
| Total Migration – US and Foreign | 96 | 000 |
| Total Migration – US | 97 | 000 |
| Total Migration – Same State | 97 | 001 |
| Total Migration – Different State | 97 | 003 |
| Total Migration – Foreign | 98 | 000 |

Non-Migrants:

Non-migrant records can be identified where the origin state and county codes are the same as the destination state and county codes.

Foreign Flows:

| | State | State | County |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------|--------|
| | Abbre | v. FIPS | FIPS |
| Foreign - Overseas | FR | 57 | 001 |
| Foreign - Puerto Rico | FR | 57 | 003 |
| Foreign - APO/FPO ZIPs | FR | 57 | 005 |
| Foreign - Virgin Islands, U.S | FR | 57 | 007 |

County Total Migration Flows:

| | State | County |
|---|-------|--------|
| | FIPS | FIPS |
| [State County Name] Total Migration – US and Foreign | 96 | 000 |
| [State County Name] Total Migration – US | 97 | 000 |
| [State County Name] Total Migration – Same State | 97 | 001 |
| [State County Name] Total Migration – Different State | 97 | 003 |
| [State County Name] Total Migration – Foreign | 98 | 000 |

Other Flows:

| | State | State | County |
|-------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| | Abbrev | .FIPS | FIPS |
| Other Flows - Same State | SS | 58 | 000 |
| Other Flows - Different State | DS | 59 | 000 |
| Other Flows - Northeast | DS | 59 | 001 |
| Other Flows - Midwest | DS | 59 | 003 |
| Other Flows - South | DS | 59 | 005 |
| Other Flows - West | DS | 59 | 007 |
| Foreign - Other flows | FR | 57 | 009 |

Northeast Region (59-001) Midwest Region (59-003)

| | J (00 00 .) | mandet i tegieni (ee ee | , •, | |
|---------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------|
| Connecticut | (09-000) | Illinois (17-000) | Ohio (39-000) | |
| Maine | (23-000) | Indiana (18-000) | South Dakota | (46-000) |
| Massachusetts | (25-000) | lowa (19-000) | Wisconsin | (55-000) |
| New Hampshire | (33-000) | Kansas (20-000) | | |
| New Jersey | (34-000) | Michigan (26-000) | | |
| New York | (36-000) | Minnesota (27-000) | | |
| Pennsylvania | (42-000) | Missouri (29-000) | | |
| Rhode Island | (44-000) | Nebraska (31-000) | | |
| Vermont | (50-000) | North Dakota (38-000) | | |
| | | | | |

South Region (59-005)

Alabama (01-000) Arkansas (05-000) Delaware (10-000) D.C. (11-000)Florida (12-000)Georgia (13-000)Kentucky (21-000) Louisiana (22-000) Maryland (24-000)Mississippi (28-000) North Carolina (37-000) Oklahoma (40-000)South Carolina (45-000) Tennessee (47-000)Texas (48-000)Virginia (51-000)

West Virginia (54-000)

West Region (59-007)

Alaska (02-000)
Arizona (04-000)
California (06-000)
Colorado (08-000)
Hawaii (15-000)
Idaho (16-000)
Montana (30-000)
Nevada (32-000)
New Mexico (35-000)
Oregon (41-000)
Utah (49-000)
Washington (53-000)
Wyoming (56-000)

F. Appendix 1

Table 1: Counties with a Net Change Greater than 100 Returns by Absolute Value of the Net Percentage Change, based on the 2020 and 2021 ZIP Code-to-County Codebooks

| State | County FIPS code | County name | Net percentage change |
|-------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| LA | 091 | St. Helena Parish | 2.89 |
| VA | 540 | Charlottesville city | -2.12 |
| NC | 003 | Alexander County | -1.75 |
| KY | 121 | Knox County | -1.72 |
| TX | 163 | Frio County | 1.55 |
| MS | 153 | Wayne County | -1.51 |
| KS | 061 | Geary County | -1.32 |
| KY | 235 | Whitley County | 1.22 |
| VA | 600 | Fairfax city | 1.03 |
| VA | 003 | Albemarle County | 0.82 |
| GA | 255 | Spalding County | -0.76 |
| OK | 113 | Osage County | 0.72 |
| GA | 029 | Bryan County | 0.71 |
| LA | 095 | St. John the Baptist Parish | 0.69 |
| FL | 119 | Sumter County | 0.65 |
| NC | 163 | Sampson County | -0.64 |
| GA | 297 | Walton County | -0.62 |
| TX | 053 | Burnet County | 0.62 |
| GA | 217 | Newton County | 0.62 |
| NC | 141 | Pender County | 0.61 |
| TN | 167 | Tipton County | -0.56 |
| LA | 089 | St. Charles Parish | -0.55 |
| TX | 091 | Comal County | 0.55 |
| NC | 107 | Lenoir County | -0.53 |
| AL | 113 | Russell County | -0.51 |
| CA | 065 | Riverside County | -0.50 |
| MS | 067 | Jones County | 0.50 |
| TX | 209 | Hays County | 0.45 |
| GA | 031 | Bulloch County | -0.45 |
| TX | 473 | Waller County | -0.44 |
| NC | 069 | Franklin County | 0.44 |
| SC | 043 | Georgetown County | -0.42 |
| NC | 035 | Catawba County | 0.42 |
| KS | 161 | Riley County | -0.41 |
| TX | 187 | Guadalupe County | -0.38 |
| IA | 049 | Dallas County | 0.38 |
| TN | 155 | Sevier County | 0.32 |
| NC | 101 | Johnston County | 0.31 |

| NC | 191 | Wayne County | 0.27 |
|----|-----|-------------------|-------|
| GA | 073 | Columbia County | 0.27 |
| AL | 081 | Lee County | 0.26 |
| NC | 109 | Lincoln County | 0.26 |
| NC | 089 | Henderson County | 0.26 |
| GA | 223 | Paulding County | 0.25 |
| MN | 141 | Sherburne County | 0.24 |
| GA | 151 | Henry County | 0.24 |
| TX | 397 | Rockwall County | 0.24 |
| NC | 025 | Cabarrus County | 0.23 |
| LA | 063 | Livingston Parish | -0.22 |
| GA | 097 | Douglas County | -0.22 |
| GA | 245 | Richmond County | -0.21 |
| GA | 117 | Forsyth County | 0.19 |
| ОН | 045 | Fairfield County | -0.19 |
| SC | 007 | Anderson County | -0.18 |
| CO | 035 | Douglas County | 0.18 |
| NC | 159 | Rowan County | -0.18 |
| AZ | 005 | Coconino County | -0.16 |
| ОН | 165 | Warren County | 0.15 |
| GA | 057 | Cherokee County | 0.15 |
| TX | 139 | Ellis County | -0.15 |
| VA | 760 | Richmond city | -0.14 |
| AZ | 025 | Yavapai County | 0.14 |
| MD | 027 | Howard County | 0.13 |
| MI | 093 | Livingston County | -0.13 |
| GA | 215 | Muscogee County | 0.13 |
| OR | 005 | Clackamas County | 0.13 |
| TX | 453 | Travis County | 0.13 |
| NC | 021 | Buncombe County | -0.13 |
| SC | 045 | Greenville County | 0.13 |
| NC | 133 | Onslow County | -0.12 |
| GA | 139 | Hall County | -0.12 |
| СО | 013 | Boulder County | 0.12 |
| ID | 027 | Canyon County | 0.12 |
| FL | 069 | Lake County | -0.12 |
| NC | 183 | Wake County | 0.11 |
| SC | 063 | Lexington County | -0.11 |
| NC | 063 | Durham County | 0.10 |
| CO | 059 | Jefferson County | -0.10 |
| ОН | 025 | Clermont County | -0.10 |
| TN | 187 | Williamson County | 0.10 |
| AR | 143 | Washington County | 0.10 |
| NC | 067 | Forsyth County | 0.10 |

| СО | 031 | Denver County | 0.10 |
|----|-----|---------------------|-------|
| CO | 123 | Weld County | -0.09 |
| SC | 079 | Richland County | 0.09 |
| WI | 009 | Brown County | 0.08 |
| SC | 051 | Horry County | 0.08 |
| GA | 063 | Clayton County | 0.08 |
| TX | 439 | Tarrant County | 0.08 |
| TX | 085 | Collin County | 0.08 |
| MD | 510 | Baltimore city | 0.07 |
| TX | 121 | Denton County | 0.07 |
| NJ | 035 | Somerset County | -0.07 |
| VA | 041 | Chesterfield County | 0.07 |
| MI | 049 | Genesee County | 0.06 |
| TX | 339 | Montgomery County | 0.06 |
| OR | 051 | Multnomah County | -0.06 |
| CO | 001 | Adams County | -0.06 |
| ОН | 049 | Franklin County | 0.06 |
| IA | 153 | Polk County | -0.05 |
| FL | 117 | Seminole County | 0.05 |
| GA | 067 | Cobb County | -0.04 |
| IL | 089 | Kane County | 0.04 |
| TX | 491 | Williamson County | 0.04 |
| TX | 113 | Dallas County | -0.04 |
| MD | 003 | Anne Arundel County | -0.04 |
| OK | 109 | Oklahoma County | -0.04 |
| NJ | 023 | Middlesex County | 0.04 |
| TX | 201 | Harris County | 0.03 |
| KY | 111 | Jefferson County | 0.03 |
| TN | 157 | Shelby County | 0.03 |
| NC | 119 | Mecklenburg County | 0.03 |
| GA | 121 | Fulton County | 0.03 |
| FL | 057 | Hillsborough County | 0.02 |
| NY | 059 | Nassau County | 0.01 |
| NY | 081 | Queens County | -0.01 |
| NY | 047 | Kings County | 0.01 |
| AZ | 013 | Maricopa County | 0.01 |

G. Appendix 2

Table 2: Counties with a Net Change Greater than 100 Returns by State and County, based on the 2020 and 2021 ZIP Code-to-County Codebooks

| State | County FIPS code | County name | Net percentage change |
|-------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| AL | 113 | Russell County | -0.51 |
| AL | 081 | Lee County | 0.26 |
| AR | 143 | Washington County | 0.10 |
| AZ | 005 | Coconino County | -0.16 |
| AZ | 025 | Yavapai County | 0.14 |
| AZ | 013 | Maricopa County | 0.01 |
| CA | 065 | Riverside County | -0.50 |
| CO | 035 | Douglas County | 0.18 |
| CO | 013 | Boulder County | 0.12 |
| CO | 059 | Jefferson County | -0.10 |
| CO | 031 | Denver County | 0.10 |
| CO | 123 | Weld County | -0.09 |
| CO | 001 | Adams County | -0.06 |
| FL | 119 | Sumter County | 0.65 |
| FL | 069 | Lake County | -0.12 |
| FL | 117 | Seminole County | 0.05 |
| FL | 057 | Hillsborough County | 0.02 |
| GA | 255 | Spalding County | -0.76 |
| GA | 029 | Bryan County | 0.71 |
| GA | 297 | Walton County | -0.62 |
| GA | 217 | Newton County | 0.62 |
| GA | 031 | Bulloch County | -0.45 |
| GA | 073 | Columbia County | 0.27 |
| GA | 223 | Paulding County | 0.25 |
| GA | 151 | Henry County | 0.24 |
| GA | 097 | Douglas County | -0.22 |
| GA | 245 | Richmond County | -0.21 |
| GA | 117 | Forsyth County | 0.19 |
| GA | 057 | Cherokee County | 0.15 |
| GA | 215 | Muscogee County | 0.13 |
| GA | 139 | Hall County | -0.12 |
| GA | 063 | Clayton County | 0.08 |
| GA | 067 | Cobb County | -0.04 |
| GA | 121 | Fulton County | 0.03 |
| IA | 049 | Dallas County | 0.38 |
| IA | 153 | Polk County | -0.05 |
| ID | 027 | Canyon County | 0.12 |

| IL | 089 | Kane County | 0.04 |
|----|-----|-----------------------------|-------|
| KS | 061 | Geary County | -1.32 |
| KS | 161 | Riley County | -0.41 |
| KY | 121 | Knox County | -1.72 |
| KY | 235 | Whitley County | 1.22 |
| KY | 111 | Jefferson County | 0.03 |
| LA | 091 | St. Helena Parish | 2.89 |
| LA | 095 | St. John the Baptist Parish | 0.69 |
| LA | 089 | St. Charles Parish | -0.55 |
| LA | 063 | Livingston Parish | -0.22 |
| MD | 027 | Howard County | 0.13 |
| MD | 510 | Baltimore city | 0.07 |
| MD | 003 | Anne Arundel County | -0.04 |
| MI | 093 | Livingston County | -0.13 |
| MI | 049 | Genesee County | 0.06 |
| MN | 141 | Sherburne County | 0.24 |
| MS | 153 | Wayne County | -1.51 |
| MS | 067 | Jones County | 0.50 |
| NC | 003 | Alexander County | -1.75 |
| NC | 163 | Sampson County | -0.64 |
| NC | 141 | Pender County | 0.61 |
| NC | 107 | Lenoir County | -0.53 |
| NC | 069 | Franklin County | 0.44 |
| NC | 035 | Catawba County | 0.42 |
| NC | 101 | Johnston County | 0.31 |
| NC | 191 | Wayne County | 0.27 |
| NC | 109 | Lincoln County | 0.26 |
| NC | 089 | Henderson County | 0.26 |
| NC | 025 | Cabarrus County | 0.23 |
| NC | 159 | Rowan County | -0.18 |
| NC | 021 | Buncombe County | -0.13 |
| NC | 133 | Onslow County | -0.12 |
| NC | 183 | Wake County | 0.11 |
| NC | 063 | Durham County | 0.10 |
| NC | 067 | Forsyth County | 0.10 |
| NC | 119 | Mecklenburg County | 0.03 |
| NJ | 035 | Somerset County | -0.07 |
| NJ | 023 | Middlesex County | 0.04 |
| NY | 059 | Nassau County | 0.01 |
| NY | 081 | Queens County | -0.01 |
| NY | 047 | Kings County | 0.01 |
| ОН | 045 | Fairfield County | -0.19 |
| ОН | 165 | Warren County | 0.15 |
| ОН | 025 | Clermont County | -0.10 |

| OK 113 Osage County 0.7 OK 109 Oklahoma County -0.0 OR 005 Clackamas County 0.1 OR 051 Multnomah County -0.0 SC 043 Georgetown County -0.4 SC 007 Anderson County -0.1 SC 045 Greenville County 0.1 SC 063 Lexington County -0.1 SC 079 Richland County 0.0 SC 051 Horry County 0.0 TN 167 Tipton County -0.5 | 6 |
|---|---|
| OR 005 Clackamas County 0.1 OR 051 Multnomah County -0.0 SC 043 Georgetown County -0.4 SC 007 Anderson County -0.1 SC 045 Greenville County 0.1 SC 063 Lexington County -0.1 SC 079 Richland County 0.0 SC 051 Horry County 0.0 | 2 |
| OR 051 Multnomah County -0.0 SC 043 Georgetown County -0.4 SC 007 Anderson County -0.1 SC 045 Greenville County 0.1 SC 063 Lexington County -0.1 SC 079 Richland County 0.0 SC 051 Horry County 0.0 | 4 |
| SC 043 Georgetown County -0.4 SC 007 Anderson County -0.1 SC 045 Greenville County 0.1 SC 063 Lexington County -0.1 SC 079 Richland County 0.0 SC 051 Horry County 0.0 | 3 |
| SC 007 Anderson County -0.1 SC 045 Greenville County 0.1 SC 063 Lexington County -0.1 SC 079 Richland County 0.0 SC 051 Horry County 0.0 | 6 |
| SC 045 Greenville County 0.1 SC 063 Lexington County -0.1 SC 079 Richland County 0.0 SC 051 Horry County 0.0 | 2 |
| SC 063 Lexington County -0.1 SC 079 Richland County 0.0 SC 051 Horry County 0.0 | 8 |
| SC 079 Richland County 0.0 SC 051 Horry County 0.0 | 3 |
| SC 051 Horry County 0.0 | 1 |
| TNI 407 Tinton County | 9 |
| TN 167 Tipton County -0.5 | 8 |
| | 6 |
| TN 155 Sevier County 0.3 | 2 |
| TN 187 Williamson County 0.1 | 0 |
| TN 157 Shelby County 0.0 | 3 |
| TX 163 Frio County 1.5 | 5 |
| TX 053 Burnet County 0.6 | 2 |
| TX 091 Comal County 0.5 | 5 |
| TX 209 Hays County 0.4 | 5 |
| TX 473 Waller County -0.4 | 4 |
| TX 187 Guadalupe County -0.3 | 8 |
| TX 397 Rockwall County 0.2 | 4 |
| TX 139 Ellis County -0.1 | 5 |
| TX 453 Travis County 0.1 | |
| TX 439 Tarrant County 0.0 | 8 |
| TX 085 Collin County 0.0 | 8 |
| TX 121 Denton County 0.0 | 7 |
| TX 339 Montgomery County 0.0 | 6 |
| TX 491 Williamson County 0.0 | 4 |
| TX 113 Dallas County -0.0 | |
| TX 201 Harris County 0.0 | |
| VA 540 Charlottesville city -2.1 | 2 |
| VA 600 Fairfax city 1.0 | |
| VA 003 Albemarle County 0.8 | |
| VA 760 Richmond city -0.1 | |
| VA 041 Chesterfield County 0.0 | |
| WI 009 Brown County 0.0 | |

H. Endnotes:

- [1] Totals from the migration data may not be comparable to other totals published by SOI because the migration data are based on individual returns and tax return filers that can be matched to two consecutive calendar years. Most of SOI's individual income tax tabulations are based on returns from only one calendar year.
- [2] The State and County Federal Information Processing System (FIPS) codes used for these statistics were derived from the U.S. Census Bureau. A complete list of codes can be obtained from http://www.census.gov/geo/reference/ansi.html.
- [3] Individuals can apply to the IRS for an Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN) for the purpose of filing a valid U.S. Federal income tax return. An ITIN is a special nine-digit tax processing number, beginning with the number "9". There are some instances where an individual will receive a valid Social Security Number (SSN) in place of their ITIN and must file their individual return using the SSN. Returns that switch between an ITIN and a SSN between two migration years will not be included in the data because of the non-matching TINs.

A non-matching return can also occur if a taxpayer filed a return in one year, but not timely file in the other year or did not file at all. Individuals may not be obligated to file a tax return if their income fell below the filing threshold in a given year.

- [4] The foreign category is derived from records with Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, foreign countries, or APO/FPO addresses. APO refers to Army Post Office and FPO refers to Fleet Post Office, part of the Overseas Military Mail System that is responsible for transferring mail to- and from- these overseas locations through military ZIP Codes.
- [5] The Gross Migration file is for all 50 states, plus the District of Columbia (DC). A separate category for "Other areas", such as returns filed from Army Post Office and Fleet Post Office addresses by members of the armed forces stationed overseas; returns filed by other U.S. citizens abroad; and returns filed by residents of Puerto Rico with income from sources outside Puerto Rico or with income earned as U.S. government employees; have not been included.
- [6] The total number of matched returns is derived from the year 2 number of returns. The total number of matched returns is also equal to the sum of the number of non-migrant returns, the number of inflow returns, and the number of same state returns.

Same state returns are those who migrated to another county within the same state.